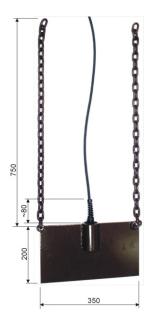
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RHP-5 Flap Transfer Point Sensor





Use:

The RHP-5 transfer point sensor (hereinafter referred to as the "transfer point sensor") is intended for indicating blockage of transfer points on belt conveyers and chutes by loose material of fine to medium grain size which does not cause undesired mechanical damage to the sensor structure by their properties.

The sensor indicates without troubles any blockage of the transfer point by coal, iron ore, lime, gravel sand, various intermediate products, mine debris, coke and materials forming piles.

The figure shows the most frequently used RHP-5 applications. In the upper part there is an optimal placement of the sensor which does not require any modification to the transfer point. A disadvantage of this application is that it only indicates blockage after filling up of the whole down-take by material

The most efficient blockage detection is in the lower part of the belt, see the lower drawing. It requires a modification to the down-take structure.

During the coal transportation there is usually an explosive environment ZONE 22 etc. inside the transfer points. RHP-5 transfer point sensor, model NAMUR, is also used in such environment.

Another application is indicating the filling up of a tank; see the figure on the other side. This application is suitable for closed spaces, where the flap does not swing because of the wind.

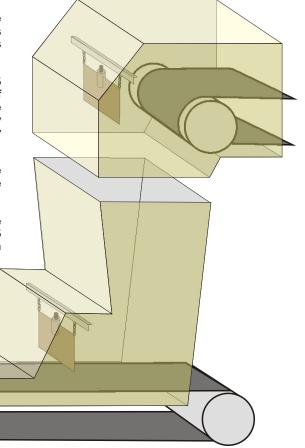
This transfer point sensor cannot be used with materials which enable immersing of the hanging part, i.e. the material flows around the sensor which is not deflected. For these materials, the RHP-5 cone model is used.

The transfer point sensor cannot be used for assembly on movable equipment such as travel conveyers, vibration feeders, etc. It is not intended for equipment the vibrations of which could cause self-actuation caused by setting vibrations.

Description:

The transfer point sensor with a flap is of a rectangular shape with a vertical tube. 750mm long chains are welded on the upper corners which are trimmed away. Using the chains the sensor is hung to the required place.

The sensor is made of 3mm thick steel. The surface treatment of all types of sensors including the hanging components is made by brown Comaxit. The probe is inserted in a steel tube which is welded in the upper part of the sensor. The cable from the probe is led upwards in a flexible metal protecting pipe coated with PVC foil.



The catalogue has only those selected important parameters for your final decision. For project designs always ask for the user's guide for this product and any engineering consultation about possible uses.

ISO 9001 : 2001 ZAM-SERVIS s.r.o. Křišťanova 1116/14 702 00 Ostrava - Přívoz V100211 tel.: +420 596 135 422, email: zam@zam.cz, www.zam.cz



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RHP-5 Transfer Point Detector – Flap Type



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Principle:

The principle of blockage indication uses the function of a spherical induction switch which switches when it deviates from the vertical axis.

A condition for reliable function is that the material forms a cone at the transfer point blockage which deflects the hanging part of the transfer point sensor at least by 20° - 25° from the vertical position when it grows up.

Therefore, the sensor must be placed to be deflected by the necessary angle when the transfer point gradually blocks.

The evaluation should be performed by a time element which excludes all accidental short-term deviations caused by rebound material.

Models:

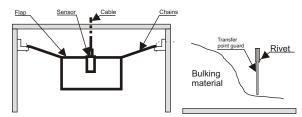
RHP-5 flap transfer point sensors are recommended to be applied as directional sensors, which mean that only after its deviation to the determined side the caving fall is signalled. Its deviation to the opposite side does not result in any response. The all-directional switch needs a longer term to quiet the sensor and repeated sensor activation after the end of the caving fall signalisation (straightening of the flap position to the vertical position

Installation and Assembly

The place of deployment is selected in such way that if a delay is set, the sensor switches off the drive of the respective conveyer before it is dangerously blocked and the drive is switched off by its protection.

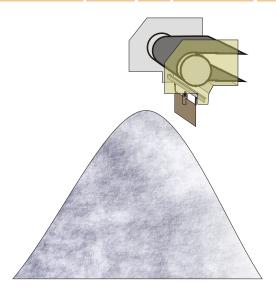
The place of deployment must be selected in such way that the number of accidental deviations (from the rebound material, by vibrations, etc.) is as low as possible, but not exceeding the status which can be eliminated by the set time delay. Chain hangers of the transfer point sensor are fixed to the bearing structure (e.g. a cover of the transfer point) by two M10 screws. Chain hangers can be shortened, if needed.

Hang the sensor so that the small rivet on its front side is oriented from the mounting material. This direction must always be adhered to with the directional type.



Type designation and ordering options:

		•	
Movement	Cable	Voltage	Principle
Directional	2m	230V AC 2-wire	0-1k
Directional	2m	230V AC 2-wire	○ ★
Omni-direct	2m	230V AC 2-wire	→
Omni-direct	2m	230V AC 2-wire	o—_
Directional	2m	24 V 3-wire PNP	→
Directional	5m	24 V 3-wire PNP	→
Omni-direct	2m	24 V 3-wire PNP	→
Omni-direct	5m	24 V 3-wire PNP	0 → kr
Directional	2m	NAMUR (Ex)	o→k
Omni-direct	2m	NAMUR (Ex)	→
	Directional Directional Omni-direct Directional Directional Omni-direct Omni-direct Omni-direct Directional	Directional 2m Directional 2m Omni-direct 2m Directional 2m Directional 2m Directional 5m Omni-direct 2m Omni-direct 5m Directional 2m	Directional 2m 230V AC 2-wire Directional 2m 230V AC 2-wire Omni-direct 2m 230V AC 2-wire Omni-direct 2m 230V AC 2-wire Directional 2m 24 V 3-wire PNP Directional 5m 24 V 3-wire PNP Omni-direct 2m 24 V 3-wire PNP Omni-direct 5m 24 V 3-wire PNP Directional 2m NAMUR (Ex)



Technical parameters:

Weight of the sensor with the flap	5.5kg	
Dimensions of the sensor with the flap	200 x 350 x 58	
Length of chains of the sensor with the flap	750mm	
Allowed ambient temperature	-25°C - +70°C	
Protection	IP 54	
PNP Output 3-wire		
Supply voltage	10 30 V DC	
Voltage drop	<= 1.5V at I _{a max}	
Constant current, I _{a max}	<= 300mA	
Conductor cross-section	0.25 mm ²	
Conductor length	approx. 2 m or 5 m	
Time delay	2ms	
230 V AC Output two-wire		
Supply voltage	20250V AC	
Supply drop	<=8.5 V at I _{a max}	
Constant current, I _{a max}	<= 250mA (+50°C) <= 200mA (+80°C)	
Conductor cross-section	0.5 mm ²	
Conductor length	ca 2m	
Time delay	<= 10ms	
NAMUR		
Supply voltage	525V DC	
Current consumption, unloaded	<= 1mA	
Current consumption, loaded	>= 2.2mA	
Conductor cross-section	0.5 mm ²	
Conductor length	approx. 2 m	

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